Paragraph (m) of C.R.S. 13-90-107 **Who may not testify without consent** was enacted into law in 2005. C.R.S. 13-90-107(m) was amended to include “emergency medical service provider or rescue unit peer support team member” in 2013. In 2017, it was again amended to remove the “individual interactions” provision.

**C.R.S. 13-90-107(m):**

(1) There are particular relations in which it is the policy of the law to encourage confidence and to preserve it inviolate; therefore, a person shall not be examined as a witness in the following cases:

(m) (I) A law enforcement or firefighter peer support team member shall not be examined without the consent of the person to whom peer support services have been provided as to any communication made by the person to the peer support team member under the circumstances described in subsection (1) (m) (III) of this section; nor shall a recipient of peer support services be examined as to any such communication without the recipient's consent.

(I.5) An emergency medical service provider or rescue unit peer support team member shall not be examined without the consent of the person to whom peer support services have been provided as to any communication made by the person to the peer support team member under the circumstances described in subsection (1) (m) (III) of this section; nor shall a recipient of peer support services be examined as to any such communication without the recipient's consent.

(II) For purposes of this paragraph (m):

(A) "Communication" means an oral statement, written statement, note, record, report, or document, made during, or arising out of, a meeting with a peer support team member.

(A.5) "Emergency medical service provider or rescue unit peer support team member" means an emergency medical service provider, as defined in Section 25-3.5-103 (8), C.R.S., a regular or volunteer member of a rescue unit, as defined in Section 25-3.5-103 (11), C.R.S., or other person who has been trained in peer support skills and who is officially designated by the supervisor of an emergency medical service agency as defined in Section 25-3.5-103 (11.5), C.R.S., or a chief of a rescue unit as a member of an emergency medical service provider's peer support team or rescue unit's peer support team.

(B) "Law enforcement or firefighter peer support team member" means a peace officer, civilian employee, or volunteer member of a law enforcement agency or a regular or volunteer member of a fire department or other person who has been trained in peer support skills and who is officially designated by a police chief, the chief of the Colorado state patrol, a sheriff, or a fire chief as a member of a law enforcement agency's peer support team or a fire department's peer support team.

(III) The provisions of this subsection (1) (m) shall apply only to communications made during interactions conducted by a peer support team member:

(A) Acting in the person's official capacity as a law enforcement or firefighter peer support team member or an emergency medical service provider or rescue unit peer support team member; and

(B) Functioning within the written peer support guidelines that are in effect for the person's respective law enforcement agency, fire department, emergency medical service agency, or rescue unit.

(IV) This subsection (1) (m) does not apply in cases in which:

(A) A law enforcement or firefighter peer support team member or emergency medical service provider or rescue unit peer support team member was a witness or a party to an incident which prompted the delivery of peer support services;

(B) Information received by a peer support team member is indicative of actual or suspected child abuse, as described in section 18-6-401, actual or suspected child neglect, as described in section 19-3-102, or actual or suspected crimes against at-risk persons, as described in section 18-6.5-103;

(C) Due to alcohol or other substance intoxication or abuse, as described in sections 27-81-111 and 27-82-107, C.R.S., the person receiving peer support is a clear and immediate danger to the person's self or others;

(D) There is reasonable cause to believe that the person receiving peer support has a mental illness and, due to the mental illness, is an imminent threat to himself or herself or others or is gravely disabled as defined in section 27-65-102, C.R.S.; or

(E) There is information indicative of any criminal conduct.